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THE HAWAIIAN STAR

The Hawaiian Star is the paper that goes into the best homes of Honolulu

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YOUNG POND DID NOT FAIL

WILL NOT TRY FOR ANNAPOLIS JUST YET.

Misleading Dispatch from Maryland Creates Impression he had Failed—Is Not to be Examined Until September.

Under date of May 23, a very misleading dispatch was sent out from Annapolis Md., regarding the examinations for admissions to the Naval Academy. The dispatch in question reads:

"ANNAPOLIS, Md., May 23.—The examinations for admission to the Naval Academy were terminated today, when the medical board finished the physical examinations about 11:30 p. m. Ninety-seven candidates came up for examination, sixty-two of whom passed mentally and physically. Twenty-nine failed mentally and six physically. Among those not on the successful list was the candidate from Hawaii."

At first glance this dispatch creates the impression that the candidate from Hawaii, John E. Pond, who is a son of Lieutenant Commander Pond of the local naval station, had failed to secure admission. As a matter of fact young Pond has not as yet taken the examination, nor will he have to face the examination until next September. The dispatch is so carefully worded that had there been a desire to create the impression that young Pond had failed to secure admission, it could not have been more artfully done. The dispatch does not state that the Hawaiian candidate had failed but says that his name was not among the list of successful candidates.

Captain Pond was much annoyed today to read the dispatch reproduced with headlines stating that his son had failed. Indeed quite an injustice was done young Pond. He wrote his father several weeks ago that he would be too late to take the examination in June so would wait until the September term, when he would try for admission. There are two periods when the applicants can take the examination and young Pond found that it would be more convenient for him to take the latter one.

The friends of the young man and Captain Pond are very sanguine over the chances for Hawaii's candidate being admitted. He is a very studious youth and is a good level headed boy who will certainly give an excellent account of himself in the severe examination which the Annapolis curriculum prescribes.

MAUI TO HAVE A BANK

Maui is to have a bank located at Wailuku and under the management of C. D. Lufkin, former paying teller of the First National Bank here. The enterprise appears to be well started and citizens of Maui are subscribing liberally. It is stated, to start the bank.

Lufkin has been investigating the proposition for some months, and, encouraged by the advice of Cecil Brown and other prominent bankers of Honolulu, will establish a bank at Wailuku with a capital of stock of \$25,000. Several of the wealthiest and most prominent business men of Maui have already stated that they will subscribe to the capital stock and in other ways help the enterprise along.

Parties in Honolulu have offered to advance all the capital, but the offer was refused as it is desired to interest Maui men and capital exclusively in the bank. No subscriptions will be taken from any one party for more than \$2500, and it is desired to place the stock in the hands of as many of the leading business men of Maui as possible.

To incorporate under the laws of the territory would require a paid up capital stock of \$100,000, which is more than will be needed, and to incorporate as a national bank would preclude the privilege of loaning money on real estate, consequently, the bank will at first simply operate as a private company.

Mr. Lufkin, who will personally manage the affairs of the bank is a gentleman of much experience in such matters, and it is thought that the capital stock of the Bank of Maui will prove to be one of the safest and best interest paying investments on the island.

It is the intention of Acting Governor Cooper to accept the resignation of Tax Assessor Shaw and to appoint Major Pratt to the office.

PACIFIC HEIGHTS RAILWAY. No grander scenic view to be had than Pacific Heights affords. Take the Pacific Heights Electric Railway and have a pleasant outing. Round trip fare only 10 cents.

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A HUMPHREYS ON MAUI

JUDGE KALUA ALSO HAS MUCH DIGNITY.

Fines a Man for Appearing in Court With Leggings—Charges to Grand Jury—Murder Indictment.

PAIA, Maui, June 8.—The June term of the Circuit Court of the Second Judicial Circuit opened in Wailuku on Wednesday, the 5th, with Hon. J. W. Kalua, presiding, and it was not long before it was seen that the example of Judge Humphreys in Honolulu had had a stimulating effect upon the Judge here. Upon the call of the roll, Mr. Gibson and Mr. Wadsworth failed to answer to their names as jurymen, and were promptly fined \$25 apiece. A Hawaiian also failed to respond and was given the same amount. During the second day of the session, one man was fined a small amount for coming into court with his leggings on, and another for having a cigar in the court room. However no harm is being done by this action of the Judge, and it is thought to have resulted in better decorum and more dispatch of business. As yet the time of the court was taken up yesterday in hearing a breach of promise case, in which a Hawaiian young lady of Hana, wanted \$5,000 damages from Joseph Emsley, a Hawaiian, of Huelo, for the laceration of her affections. Most of the jury trying the case were Hawaiians, and some of the evidence was quite spicy. The case was given to the jury late in the afternoon, and about 6:30 p. m. they returned a verdict, giving the young lady \$1,000 damages. The case will be appealed.

The grand jury is hard at work and is slowly bringing in indictments for the trial jury to act upon. The Attorney-General is represented by Attorney George A. Davis, who has his hands full with the Grand Jury and the cases being brought up.

Yesterday the will of the late Dr. Robert McKibbin was admitted to probate by the court, and letters of administration granted to J. M. Dowsett of Honolulu. The inventory filed showed real property \$13,000, and personal property, stocks, bonds, etc., \$88,450. The will names the brother and sisters of the deceased as heirs to the main portion of the property.

Judge Kalua's charge to the grand jury contained the following:

"Your attention is especially directed to the law with reference to the illegal sale of spirituous or malt liquors. It has been reported to this court that a large number of persons are engaged in the illegal sale of liquor in the District of Lahaina, and elsewhere within this court."

"The Legislature has provided for the issuing of light wines and beer licenses, as well as the sale of spirituous liquors, and persons who wish to engage in this trade must apply to the proper authorities to obtain a license; and it will be your duty to make a thorough examination into these alleged illegal sales and find such indictments as you may, after careful examination determine against any and all persons whom you may have reason to believe, and are satisfied from the evidence have been and are violating the liquor law of this Territory."

On Thursday afternoon the grand jury presented a true bill for murder against Kashiwata Yashisuke, the Japanese wife killer of Lahaina. J. H. Coke and D. H. Kakaulele were appointed to defend him, and upon being arraigned yesterday afternoon he interposed a plea of not guilty.

GRAND JURY REPORTS. Presents Five Indictments and Failure of Six Bills.

The Grand Jury appeared before Judge Kalua this morning and turned over five bills in criminal matters. The bills were placed on closed file for the present. A supplemental report was to the effect that failure to find true bills had occurred in six cases, four larceny in the second degree and two assault and battery.

RACE PROGRAMS. There is an official race program, issued under the auspices of the Hawaiian Jockey Club. This year it will be enclosed in a green cover. This is the only correct program and the public is cautioned against purchasing bogus programs.

COLLEGE HILLS. The Electric Car line is being rapidly constructed through College Hills and is to be in operation by September 1st. The private water supply will be laid through every block by July 1st.

DIFFERENCE OF TEN DEGREES. The difference in temperature between Honolulu town and Pacific Heights is now 10 degrees Fahrenheit and the difference in humidity from 15 to 20 degrees. This makes Pacific Heights the long looked for ideal site for residence purposes.

The Customs Tariff Act of 1897 with alphabetical schedule, revised up to July 1st, 1900—an indispensable book for all importers, just received and for sale by the Golden Rule Bazaar.

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Score Cards with instruction for scoring given away to any one going to the base ball grounds.

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IS IOWA TO WATCH US?

SENSATIONAL REPORT FROM NAVY PAPER.

Semi-Official Journal Says Battleship Will Probably be Ordered Here on Account Strained Political Situation.

The Army and Navy Journal of New York is authority for a highly sensational report. Under date of May 25, it publishes the statement that a battleship has become the political situation in Hawaii that a United States battleship is to be ordered here to preserve order. The Iowa is the vessel which is to come to this port (or that) under the pretext of this Territory, and especially the people who have been causing so much political discussion, this news will be a great surprise. It will certainly not be received with pleasure. Were it not that the Army and Navy Journal enjoys such a high reputation for reliability the statement could be taken as the emanation of a sensational news monger. The Journal however is the semi-official paper of the army and navy departments, and statements which appear in it are given more than passing consideration.

The item in question was published in the issue of May 25th, the latest date received here, and it is as follows:

"The work on the Iowa having been completed at the Port Orchard, Naval Station, that ship has returned to San Francisco, and will resume duty with the Pacific fleet. It is not improbable that the Iowa may be detailed for temporary service at Honolulu during the next few months, the political situation at this point requiring considerable 'home influence' to maintain quietness and good behavior. The harbor of Honolulu has been improved so that our largest vessels will find easy entrance at all stages of the tide."

While there is probably no moody here who believes that the presence of an American battleship is necessary to maintain order, the fact that such a report is current in official circles on the Mainland shows how affairs in Hawaii are regarded in certain quarters. Most of the Journal's news emanates from officers and men more or less intimately acquainted with affairs of the Army and Navy departments at Washington and that someone high in authority seems to consider that conditions are very unsettled here and some sort of a show must be taken by the government to demonstrate that no foolishness will be tolerated, is evident.

There is only one reason which would cause the government officials to regard political matters here as so threatening. This is the well known attitude of antagonism of the legislature toward the governor. The uncivil and insolent attitude which the Home Rule members of the legislature have taken in their fight against the Territorial executive and their demand that he shall be removed have had their effect in Washington. The disposition of the Home Rulers to fight the hailes and the spirit of antagonism against the men who represent the Republican party at the head of Territorial affairs is stated, are not favorably regarded in Washington.

While the conditions here seem peaceful enough and the people are not worried in the least over any actual revolution or outbreak against the sovereignty of America or even against the government appointees here, still, on the mainland, matters are not so well understood and the consistent policy of antagonism to the governor and hatred of the whites manifested throughout by the Home Rule legislature may have had its effect there.

The presence of the Iowa as a representative of "home influence" is universally regarded here as unnecessary. Were it not that the report of her coming to this port must be taken by the reliable paper as the Army and Navy Journal the matter would scarcely be thought worth serious consideration, but with as reliable and semi-official a paper as the Journal the matter attracts much notice. It shows that there is talk in official circles of disquiet among the people down here and that something may have to be done to show the sovereignty of the United States.

In view of this dispatch the recent visit of the battleship is rather interesting. That the vessel should have been sent so far out of her course from Japan when she could have reached San Francisco much easier by taking the shorter route is odd. When the vessel was boarded here by representatives of the press the officers seemed unusually anxious to hear the news from shore. They seemed well posted on the fact that the legislature had been in session for some time for they inquired especially regarding politics and asked if everything was quiet here.

The fact that the officers were apparently so much better posted regarding Hawaiian affairs than is usual in a vessel which visits this port was thought to be strange. It is now possible that the order which directed the vessel here might have hinted at some possible disturbance in Hawaii. So far as known however none of the officers said anything about expecting trouble.

Lieutenant Commander Pond of the local naval station does not place any credit in the item from the Journal. "I do not place any credence in that statement," he said this morning. "I believe that it probably originated in the fertile brain of some writer who was short of interesting news. Another reason which causes me to strongly discredit the item is the fact that the politics here are simply local in character and the navy would scarcely take any hand in anything unless it concerned international politics. When the men from the Boston were landed here in 1893 it was during a political strife which involved international matters. Conditions here have changed now."

NEW SHIRTS. L. B. Kerr & Company have just unpacked 25 cases of the most up to date goods in Men's White and Negligee shirts. This lot comprise the very new ideas in New York. They are being sold with the other goods at Fair Prices.

ICE HOUSE DELICACIES. Camarinos California Fruit Market is the place for ice house delicacies. Everything the California delicatessen fards at this season of the year can be found at Camarinos'.

NOTHING FOR THE MILITARY

HOUSE VOTES AFTER A LONG DISCUSSION.

Emmeluth Roasts and is Roasted and Opponents of Military Finally Carry the Day.

The House had a very torrid discussion over military this morning. Emmeluth was well to the front looking after "the rights of the people" and some queer statements were made about the usefulness and uselessness of soldiers. Emmeluth thought that "constitutional rights" made soldiers unnecessary and he was stirred to the depths when Robertson referred to him as an "ex-oligarchist."

The discussion was opened by Emmeluth, who moved that all the items under the head of military be stricken out, with the exception of Janitor. He said that the only position that this bureau really needed was the one that provided the care of the property. Dickey seconded the motion. He was followed by Monsarrat, who said that the military property now in this territory was the property of the federal, and not the territorial government.

Dickey followed this by an amendment, doing away with the office of captain and adjutant, with a salary of \$1,200, and instead creating the office of adjutant at \$1,800. This and the janitor should be preserved he said, and the other offices should be abolished. Dickey censured the military mildly for extravagance.

Aylett suggested that the positions of armorer, janitor and one clerk be preserved. During the early part of the session, he said, that he had been in favor of cutting out the entire appropriation, but now more mature consideration, he felt that there should be someone in charge of the armory, to enable the members of the national guard to drill when they wished. While he was aware that money had been lavished upon the military department with an extravagant hand, he thought the department should not be entirely dispensed with, and that there should be a military organization in Hawaii, to sustain the law. The speaker cited the instance of a stowaway on Maui, who was arrested by the sheriff only when the latter had called upon the local military to help him. Had it not been for the handful of soldiers, the captain of the schooner would have effectually prevented the officer from coming on board. "Colored people and Porto Ricans are coming into the country," said Aylett. "They are not the best class of people. Soldiers from Camp McKinley and policemen cannot be expected to preserve the peace of the territory under such conditions. There are eight islands whose peace must be preserved, and it would require a force of men on the side of law and order, on the ground. The declaring of martial law is but a poor substitute for a military organization. Every state and territory in the Union has its own military force."

"When the trouble with Spain and the United States arose, it was from the national guards that the larger portion of those who answered the first call for troops came. In case of war we must be ready to do our duty. We should leave something for the military. In translating this last sentence, Wise inadvertently used the word "missionary" for "military." The result was a hearty laugh from the independent side of the House.

Aylett said that the expenses of the companies were divided between beer and bridges. The Hawaiians should be better prepared for execution than they were in 1897, when they had nothing but rice bird guns, and the natives put the powder in the barrels of their guns without opening the paper socks which contained the powder.

Emmeluth answered the speaker who had thrust the military. He said the day of force had gone by, and the age of constitutional rights had come. The day of legislation not coercion had arrived. A Porto Rican, Emmeluth said, asked him for alms. The conditions are unwholesome that these immigrants are bringing to pass. Rather than \$20,000 for the school fund than \$1,000 for military support. The military had backed up the oligarchy for the past seven years, and now the very men who had suffered at its hands, Hawaiians by blood and by birth, were doing everything in their power to perpetuate this state of things.

Representative A. G. M. Robertson said at the conclusion of Emmeluth's speech, that "the speech of the Honorable 'ex-oligarchist' was a paralyzer." Aylett, Robertson, continued had reviewed the matter intelligently. The age of militarism is not yet passed. These companies are composed of young men who need the physical exercise that is derived from them. The amusement is wholesome, simple and benefits both the individual and the state.

Emmeluth was evidently bit hard by the appellation "ex-oligarchist," for no sooner had Robertson taken his seat, than Emmeluth sprang to his feet, and stood there until White had finished interpreting. Then he began:

"There is not a state or territory in the Union today, that has had the military forces called out except for the Spanish war, but what the poor have been killed by the military in order that the rich might be protected. This is the history of every strike." Emmeluth said the territory of Hawaii was rapidly drifting into this condition of things. Immigrants were causing a rapid change of affairs, and that change was not for the better. There would be a peaceful revolution by the ballot box, or there would be a revolution of force in which the military forces would be at the beck and call of the sugar barons.

The speaker then reviewed the Court d'Alain strike, the Albany strike, and several other labor uprisings, in support of his theory.

Hoogs replied by saying that Emmeluth wanted a change of agricultural conditions because the planter had owned half interest in the land and he was running it as a loss. When he talked about military matters, Hoogs said that Emmeluth talked through his hat.

(Continued to page five.)

THEY ARE TRYING TO LAND

ENGLISHMEN RUN UP AGAINST THE LAWS.

Came Here to Work for Clive Davies And Were Stopped—Returns Filed. Cases Will be Threshed Wednesday.

Julius Grentorex, Charles Young and George Lee, the three Englishmen brought here by the Moana and refused a landing by the collector of customs on the contention that they were under contract to work here, secured a writ of habeas corpus from Judge Gear on Saturday returnable this morning. Today, however, Hatch and Sullivan, attorneys for petitioners, demonstrated the matter and transferred the petition to the United States district court, the cause being a request one and properly belonging to that court.

Grentorex claims to be the private secretary, Young the groom and Lee the coachman of T. Clive Davies at Tumbridge Wells, England. Mr. Davies supports this statement and says that when leaving Hawaii for England he will take the men away with him.

The case was called in Judge Escoe's court at 11 o'clock this morning. British Consul Hoare and Mr. Davies were among those present. Adjournment was taken for a short time to enable the collector of customs to complete his return.

Upon the court reassembling, the return was filed and subsequently read by Judge Sullivan, attorney for petitioners. Sullivan then asked for a continuance of the case to enable him to prepare, he having had it only a short time.

Stackable consenting, the case went over to 10 a. m. Wednesday, the petitioners being in the meantime, committed to the custody of the collector. The court instructed Stackable to be as lenient with the men as possible but to be sure and have them on hand on Wednesday.

A request for bail was denied, the court stating that the law forbade it. As Judge Escoe has thrice decided that there is no appeal in a matter of this kind from the decision of the collector, save to the secretary of the treasury, it is not unlikely that the men will have to depart.

MINISTRELS TOMORROW

HEALANIS WILL GIVE FAMOUS SHOW.

Director Piver's German Band Will be a Winner—Grand Amazon March of Blonde Beauties.

The Healanis Minstrels will give their first performance tomorrow night at the Grand Opera House. The sale of seats for this show has been exceptional and some of the reserved seats are selling at a premium. Seats in the balcony will be on sale tomorrow night at the box office at the opera house at 7:30 o'clock. There may also be some room down stairs which will be sold for the accommodation of the public.

Director John Piver has trained his corps hard and faithfully and a rattling good performance is expected. Interlocutor J. H. Harrison has his end men in line and will add them to spring some new gags that will be local in tone. The selection of songs is without doubt one of the best which has ever been given at any performance in Honolulu. The burlesque on Sapho in which Piver, Albert Cunha and Frank Woodbridge take part is startling in character and mirth-provoking throughout. The German Band is considered by many to be the gem of the program, which is claiming a great deal, however, for that particular stunt.

Raymond as "Padewhiskey" will give the audience a real musical treat. Livingston and Marriner will essay a little nonsense which will be a credit to the program. Marriner has a mandolin orchestra which is to open the second part of the show.

Near the last but not the least by any means is Ralph O. Yardley the well known disciple of Thomas Nast. Yardley who has already gained fame and is rapidly acquiring a fortune in Honolulu at a somewhat princely salary, has with characteristic generosity consented to contribute his mite to the success of the show by drawing some cartoons of well known local characters. The Grand march will be a hummer. A stageful of dizzy blondes will bewitch the Johnnies in the audience and tempt them into wanting to leave their respective happy homes. A special feature of the show will be the rag time singing by Soldier Hawkins of Camp McKinley. Albert Cunha has composed a beautiful march entitled "My Healanis Girl" for the performance.

KIDNAPERS AND JURIES. It seems to be easier to catch a kidnaper than to get a decent jury in Omaha, and the kidnappers don't go to sleep on their beats either.—Chicago Record-Herald.

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Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

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LUAS AND HORSE RACES

THE GREAT KAMEHAMEHA DAY PROGRAM.

Events at Kapiolani at 10 O'clock. Central Union and Methodist—Pleasures at Punahou and Waikiki.

Everything is now in readiness for the great 11th of June program. A general holiday will be observed by the Government and business will, as a rule, be suspended.

Racing will begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon and will have continuance all day. The officers at the track will be: W. C. Wilder, Jr., W. S. Withers and C. H. Duffee, Judges; J. J. Hogan, starter; T. Cummings, clerk.

The picnics at Punahou and Waikiki are supposed to commence at 10 o'clock, but it will likely 11 o'clock before they will have actually begun.

The events and entries for the races are as follows:

1. Union Feed Company's Cup, half-mile dash, free for all; purse \$100. Entries: Mollie Connors, Venus, Racery, Vioris, Gaiety Girl, Amethyst.

2. 240 class, trotting and pacing, best two heats in three; purse \$150. Entries: Edna G., Artie W., Steamplough, Nettie H.

3. Five furlongs dash, Hawaiian bred; purse \$100. Entries: Gaiety Girl, Amario, Albert H., Eileen, Lady Amanda, Defender.

4. California Feed Company Cup, trotting and pacing, Hawaiian bred, free for all, best two heats in three; purse \$150, to be won twice by same stable. Entries: Leah, Edith K., Harry B.

5. Wailuku cup, six furlongs dash, free for all; purse \$150. Winner of cup to beat Venus' record of 1:15. Entries: Waiwasa, Gartelene, Amaranth.

6. Rainer Cup, trotting and pacing, free for all, best two heats in three; purse \$200, to be won twice by same stable. Entries: Violin, Waldo J., Wait-a-Little.

7. Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Cup, one mile dash, Hawaiian bred; purse \$150. Entries: Albert H., Gaiety Girl, Amario, Defender.

8. 2:24 class, trotting and pacing, best two heats in three, purse \$150. Entries: Albert M., Wayboy, Steamplough, Los Angeles.

9. Four and one-half furlongs dash, free for all; purse \$200. Entries: Mollie Connors, Venus, Racery, Vioris, Gaiety Girl, Amethyst.

10. Raita Challenge Cup, one mile free for all; purse \$200. Added if Vioris' record of 1:45 be beaten. Entries: Billy McCuskey, Aggravation, Weller, Amaranth.

11. Three-eighths mile dash free for all; purse \$75. Entries: Mollie Connors, Venus, Vioris, Gaiety Girl.

12. Three-eighths mile dash, polo ponies; cup value \$50. Entries: —

13. Mule race; purse \$50; no entrance fee; one mile. Entries: Kickapoo, Aina Nui.

ASK GOV. DOLE TO QUIT

The committee appointed by the House to inquire into the status and rights of Henry E. Cooper to act as governor of the Territory made a report this afternoon. The report stated that the committee found his position in doubt which could only be determined by the Supreme Court. Governor Dole was requested to either resume the executive function or else resign or leave the territory for a sufficient length of time to allow Secretary Cooper to qualify in order that he might approve the appropriation bill.

PERMANENT AND PROSPEROUS. During the year 1900 the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society paid to beneficiaries over a million, six hundred thousand dollars, and as an evidence of its good management, reports no death claims due and unpaid. President Scott's administration, while aggressive, is yet conservative. He possesses a happy combination of these features, which results in growth of the Provident Savings each year in the essentials that make a company permanent and prosperous. I. R. Burns, resident manager; office in Magoon building.

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